

SOLSTICE[®] AIR

HFO-1234ze(E)

AN ULTRA-LOW GLOBAL WARMING POTENTIAL (GWP)
MEDICAL PROPELLANT FOR METERED DOSE INHALERS



Metered dose inhalers (MDIs) have been in use for more than 65 years. The chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs) used in the first MDIs were replaced with hydrofluoroalkane (HFA) propellants after 2012 in accordance with the Montreal Protocol. However, concerns around the use of HFAs have grown since these compounds can be potent greenhouse gases. In fact, according to the Climate and Clean Air Coalition, phasing down all use of HFAs worldwide can avoid up to 0.5° Celsius of global warming by the turn of the century.¹

Solstice Air (HFO-1234ze(E), cGMP) uses Hydrofluoroolefin (HFO) technology, a sustainable alternative to HFAs in MDIs. With an ultra-low GWP, Solstice® Air is a breakthrough medical propellant currently in clinical development for MDIs with the ability to reduce greenhouse gas emissions of propellant by up to 99.9% versus the current inhaler propellant.

Solstice Air does not contribute to ground-level ozone creation and is VOC-exempt per the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the California Air Resource Board (CARB).

A PROVEN SAFETY PROFILE

Solstice Air has undergone an extensive battery of toxicology studies that are able to support FDA Investigational New Drug (IND) filings. Pre-clinical toxicology studies include: acute inhalation exposure, repeated dose inhalation exposure, genotoxicity, and reproductive and developmental toxicity in multiple species. Additional long-term repeated dose studies are ongoing in multiple species. In a human clinical study, Solstice Air was

not found to be a human skin sensitizer. The results of those studies concluded that Solstice Air exhibited a good safety profile for its use in Metered Dose Inhalers as well as other potential drug delivery systems.

FLAMMABILITY

Solstice Air does not exhibit vapor flame limits under standard test conditions. It is therefore classified as non-flammable according to EC Testing Method A1: Flammability of Gases, and by the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) standard (tested according to ASTM E681). HFO-1234ze(E) is non-flammable in the ASTM flame projection test, and it is found to be nonflammable in the ignition distance test and the enclosed space ignition test (closed drum test).²

DRUG MASTER FILE

A Drug Master File (DMF) was filed with the U.S. FDA in June 2020 containing information as it pertains to Solstice's manufacturing, quality, toxicology studies, and container closure

systems. The DMF has been used to successfully support Phase 1 clinical trials, with Phase 3 clinical trials to commence. Additionally, a DMF has been filed in China (NMPA) and Japan (PMDA).

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

As an alternative solution to anticipated HFA phase-down by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and other governing bodies, Solstice Air complies with global regulations. It is registered in Europe under REACH (Regulation 1907/2006) for tonnages of more than 1,000 tonnes/annum. Solstice technology has been SNAP listed in various end-use applications since 2010, and is also registered or in compliance with chemical inventories in Japan, China, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Korea, Russia, Taiwan, Thailand, and Vietnam.

AVAILABILITY

50-lb and 1,000-lb samples of Solstice Air are available for evaluation. Information about commercial quantities is available upon request.

HFO-1234ze(E)



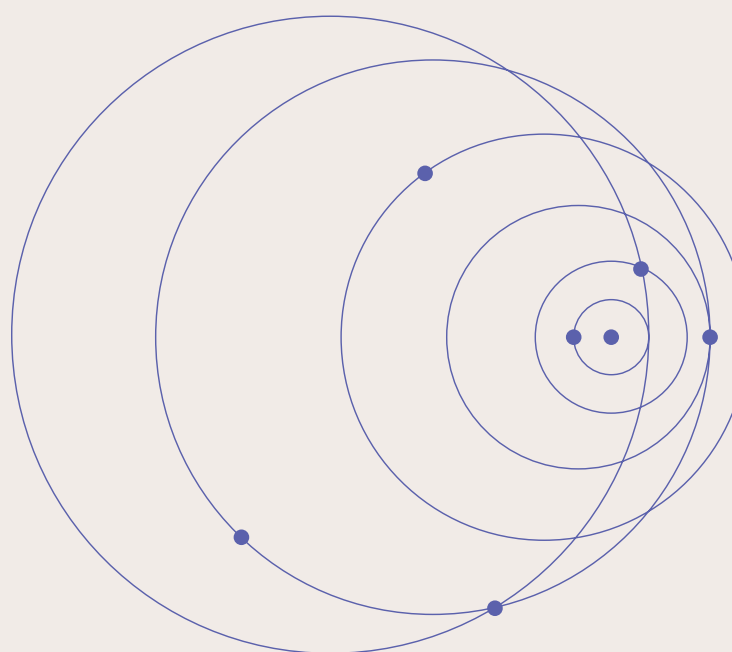
Solstice® Air does not contribute to ground-level ozone creation and is VOC-exempt per the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the California Air Resource Board (CARB).

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES COMPARED WITH HFA PROPELLANTS*

ATTRIBUTE	SOLSTICE AIR HFO-1234ze(E)	HFA-134a	HFA-152a
Global Warming Potential (GWP) vs. CO ₂ , 100-year 1TH ³	1.37	1530	164
Volatile Organic Compound (VOC)	No	No	No
Flammability ²	No	No	Yes
LFL/UFL (Vol. % in Air at 21°C)	NONE	NONE	3.9/16.9
Molecular Weight	114	102	66
Boiling Point (°C)	-19	-26	-25
Vapor Pressure at 70°F/21°C at 130°F/54°C	64.2 PSIA (4.42 bar) 161.7 PSIA (11.15 bar)	85.8 PSIA (5.92 bar) 213.4 PSIA (14.71 bar)	77.0 PSIA (5.31 bar) 190.6 PSIA (13.14 bar)
Specific Gravity at 21°C	1.17	1.22	0.91

* These are just some of a mosaic of properties that must be considered in identifying a suitable propellant.

¹ EPA Phasedown of Hydrofluorocarbons
² Flammability Assessment
³ IPCC Assessment Report 6



RESPONSIBLE CARE®
OUR COMMITMENT TO SUSTAINABILITY

Although Solstice Advanced Materials believes that the information contained herein is accurate and reliable, it is presented without guarantee or responsibility of any kind and does not constitute any representation or warranty of Solstice Advanced Materials, either expressed or implied. A number of factors may affect the performance of any products used in conjunction with user's materials, such as other raw materials, application, formulation, environmental factors and manufacturing conditions among others, all of which must be taken into account by the user in producing or using the products. The user should not assume that all necessary data for the proper evaluation of these products are contained herein. Information provided herein does not relieve the user from the responsibility of carrying out its own tests and experiments, and the user assumes all risks and liabilities (including, but not limited to, risks relating to results, patent infringement, regulatory compliance and health, safety and environment) related to the use of the products and/or information contained herein.

Solstice Air is a registered trademark of Solstice Advanced Materials.

[solstice.com](https://www.solstice.com)

Solstice Advanced Materials
115 Tabor Road
Morris Plains, NJ 07950



Solstice Air A4 NOV 2025
© 2025 Solstice Inc.