

Operating temperature range:
-30°C to +40°C.

Operating humidity range:
20% to 90% RH continuous.
10% to 99% RH intermittent - non condensing.

Operating pressure range:
90 to 110 k Pa.

Warm up time:
no greater than 10 minutes.

Voltage range:
2.9 V to 3.5 V bridge (at 200mA drive current).

Power consumption:
700mW.

Signal output:
mV bridge.

Calibration flow rate:
recommended between 1 and 1.5 l/min.

Poisoning:
the sensing elements may become inactive after extensive exposure to silicones, halogenated hydrocarbons, heavy metals and sulphur compounds.

Expected operating life:
5 years.

IP rating:
IP54 for indoor applications.

Certification:
Ex II 2 G Ex de IIC T4 (T_{amb} -30°C to +40°C) Gb
BAS98ATEX2085X.

This product complies with the relevant CE standards concerning performance: EMC to EN50270.

Honeywell

EC Declaration of Conformity

The undersigned of
Honeywell Analytics Limited
4 Sinsford Road
Poole
Dorset
BH17 0RZ
United Kingdom
Declares that the product listed below:

SIGNALPOINT Combustible Gas Sensor
Signalpoint is a flammable hydrocarbon gas detector with integral junction box for use in non-hazardous areas.

Conforms to the provisions of the following European Directive(s), when installed, operated, serviced and maintained in accordance with the installation/operating instructions contained in the product documentation:

2004/108/EC	EMC Directive
94/9/EC	ATEX Directive - Equipment for use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres

The standards and/or technical specifications referenced below have been applied or considered:

Harmonised Standard	Description
EN 50270:2006	Electromagnetic compatibility. Electrical apparatus for the detection and measurement of combustible gases, toxic gases or oxygen
EN 60079-0:2009	Explosive atmospheres. Equipment. General requirements
EN 60079-1:2007	Explosive atmospheres. Equipment protection by flameproof enclosures "d"
EN 60079-7:2007	Explosive atmospheres. Equipment protection by increased safety "n"

Notified Body for ATEX
Besaefa Ltd
Rockhead Business Park
Staden Lane
Buxton
Derbyshire
SK17 9RZ

Certificate Number
BAS98ATEX2085X

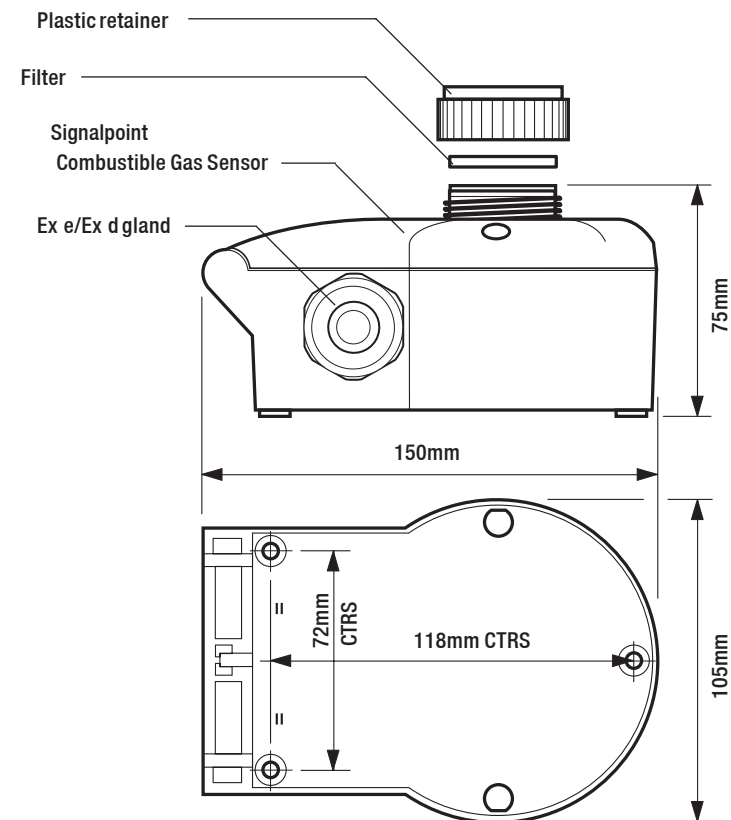
Quality Assurance Notification Number
Besaefa ATEX 0981

Type Approval
Ex II 2G Ex de IIC T4 Ta = -30°C to +40°C Gb

Notified Body Number: 1180
Year of CE Marking: 1998

Signature:
Name: Richard King
Authorised Signatory
Date: 12th March 2013
Declaration Number: 200410005_04/A03995
Declaration of Conformity in accordance with EN ISO/IEC 17050-1:2010

EXTENSION BY PEOPLE
Registered Office: Honeywell House, Arlington Business Park, Bracknell, Berkshire RG12 1UB
Registered in England No. 412070



The underside of the Signalpoint Sensor showing position of mounting holes

Lid and sensor assembly2106B1130
Weather protection 02000-A-1640
Sensor filter 00780-F-0018
Flow housing 02000-A-1645

To re-order a complete new unit see the label on the product, or contact Honeywell Analytics Ltd.

Certification Label

Serial number and year of manufacture (indicated by last two digits of serial number) will appear in this box

SignalPoint Combustible
READ AND UNDERSTAND MANUAL BEFORE OPERATING
Honeywell Analytics Ltd Poole BH17 0RZ UK



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1. INTRODUCTION & 2. ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTATION

1. INTRODUCTION

Signalpoint is a sensor with an integral junction box. It is for the detection of combustible gases in light industrial and commercial applications.

Signalpoint employs a catalytic pellistor sensor device which is used as part of a Wheatstone bridge measuring circuit.

Signalpoint is certified for hazardous areas to EN60079 and is protected against water and dust ingress to IP54 for indoor, non-aggressive environments.

2. ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTATION

2106M0504 Signalpoint Technical Handbook.

Refer to the relevant control system manual for connection information.

ATEX SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR SAFE USE

All terminal screws, used and unused shall be fully tightened down. Only one conductor shall be connected to each terminal way, unless the multiple conductors have previously been joined in a suitable manner (for example with a crimped boot-lace ferrule) such that they form a single cohesive item for insertion into the terminal way. Conductor insulation shall extend to within 1mm of the metal of the terminal throat. The installer shall use an appropriate method to ensure a minimum ingress protection of IP54 in accordance with EN 60529, at the cable entry. Any shrouding / connected metal work (when used) must be effectively earthed.

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Signalpoint
Combustible Sensor



We Save Lives



Please Note:
While every effort has been made to ensure accuracy in this publication, no responsibility can be accepted for errors or omissions. Data may change, as well as legislation, and you are strongly advised to obtain copies of the most recently issued regulations, standards, and guidelines. This publication is not intended to form the basis of a contract.



3.1 WARNINGS:

- This apparatus is not suitable for use in oxygen enriched atmospheres (>21%V/V). Oxygen deficient atmospheres (<10%V/V) may suppress sensor output.
- Refer to local or national regulations relative to installation at the site.
- Operator should be fully aware of the action to be taken if the gas concentration exceeds an alarm level.
- Signalpoint should be protected from mechanical impact. Installation should consider not only the best placing for gas leakage related to potential leak points, gas characteristics and ventilation, but also where the potential of mechanical damage is minimized or avoided.

3.2 CAUTIONS

- Do not open when hazardous (explosive) gas is present.
- Atmospheres above 100% LEL may suppress the sensor reading.
- Do not modify or alter the sensor/enclosure construction, as essential safety requirements may be invalidated.
- Do not install in forced air ventilation systems. Do not insert conduit directly into Signalpoint box.
- Dispose of in accordance with local disposal regulations. Materials used are:
Box: nylon
Sensor: Fortron® (PPS polyphenylene sulphide)
Terminal block: polyester.

4.1 INSTALLATION

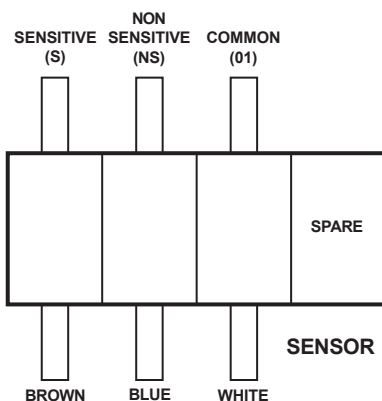
Signalpoint should be installed in a location free from dusts and direct heat sources. It must be fitted with a suitably approved M20 cable gland and installed in accordance with Ex e principles. Signalpoint should be correctly installed before use. Cabling should be multicore, three wires minimum, of conductor size 2.5 mm² max. Installation must be on a flat solid surface.

Wiring connections are:-

The unit requires 200mA current with nominal 3V supply.

Installation and service are to be performed by a qualified installation engineer with the power disconnected.

Disconnect the lid from the base by opening the closure to 180°, pressing and sliding the lid sideways off the base. Unscrew the grey plastic retainer and remove the sinter protection disk from the sensor. Replace it with a mesh screen. Replace the grey plastic retainer or fit the required accessory to the sensor screw thread. Affix the base to a flat solid surface using a No: 6 wood screw, or M3.5 screws in the holes (as shown on page 13). Reattach the lid by pushing the hinge inwards and upwards. Connect the wires to the terminal block as shown. Connect the external cable to the terminal block as shown. Close the lid ensuring that the wires are not trapped. Fix the lid to the base using the two M5 cap head bolts provided



4.2 CALIBRATION

Prior to calibration, allow the sensor to warm up for approximately 10 minutes. Re-calibration should only be attempted by qualified service personnel.

First zero the control system with no gas present on the sensor. If combustible gas is suspected to be in the vicinity of Signalpoint, flow clean air over the sensor using a flow housing (see below).

Fit a flow housing and connect a cylinder of either air, for a zero, or a known concentration of gas in air, at approximately the alarm point (e.g. 50% LEL), to the flow housing. Pass the gas through the flow housing at a flow rate of approximately 1 l to 1.5 l per minute. Allow the sensor to stabilise. When gasing with air, adjust the control card to indicate zero. For span, the control card should be adjusted to indicate the concentration of the target gas being applied. Remove the flow housing and the gas supply.

Sensors should be calibrated at concentrations representative of those to be measured. It is always recommended that Signalpoint is calibrated with the target gas it is to detect. If this is not possible cross calibration can be used.

4.3 CROSS CALIBRATION PROCEDURE:

When the Signalpoint sensor is to be calibrated with a gas which is different to the gas/vapour to be detected, the following cross calibration procedure should be followed.

Table 1 lists gases according to the reaction they produce at the detector. An eight star (8*) gas produces the highest output while a one star (1*) gas produces the lowest output. (These are not applicable at ppm levels).

To calibrate the Signalpoint sensor, obtain the star rating for both the test gas and the gas to be detected from table 1. These values may then be used in table 2 to obtain the required meter setting when a 50% LEL test gas is applied to the detector.

If a sensor is to be used to detect a gas other than that for which it was calibrated, the required correction factor may be obtained from table 3. The meter reading should be multiplied by this number in order to obtain the true gas concentration.

IMPORTANT

- Since combustible sensors require oxygen for correct operation, a mixture of gas in air should be used for calibration purposes.
- Assuming an average sensor performance, the sensitivity information in tables 1 to 3 is normally accurate to ± 20%.

Table 1: Star Rating of Gasses

Gas	Star Rating	Gas	Star Rating
Acetone	4*	Hexane	3*
Ammonia	7*	Hydrogen	6*
Benzene	3*	Methane	6*
Butane	4*	Octane	3*
Diethyl ether	4*	Propan-2-ol	4*
Ethane	6*	Propane	5*
Ethanol	5*	Styrene	2*
Ethyl acetate	3*	Tetra hydrofuran	4*
Ethylene	5*	Xylene	2*

Table 2: Meter Settings

* Calibration Gas	* Rating of Gas to be Detected							
	8*	7*	6*	5*	4*	3*	2*	1*
8*	50	62	76	95	-	-	-	-
7*	40	50	61	76	96	-	-	-
6*	33	41	50	62	78	98	-	-
5*	26	33	40	50	63	79	100	-
4*	21	26	32	40	50	63	80	-
3*	-	21	26	32	40	50	64	81
2*	-	-	-	25	31	39	50	64
1*	-	-	-	-	25	31	39	50

Note: These settings must only be used with a calibration gas concentration of 50% LEL.

Cross Calibration Example:

- Target gas to be detected is butane. Calibration gas available is methane (50% LEL).
- Look up star rating for each (Table 1): butane 4*, methane 6*
- Check the meter settings for 50% LEL calibration gas (Table 2).

The control card meter should, therefore, be set to 78% to give an accurate reading for butane, using 50% LEL methane as a calibration gas.

Table 3: Meter Multiplication Factors

Unit calibrated To Detect	Unit used to detect							
	8*	7*	6*	5*	4*	3*	2*	1*
8*	1.00	1.24	1.52	1.89	2.37	2.98	3.78	4.83
7*	0.81	1.00	1.23	1.53	1.92	2.40	3.05	3.90
6*	0.66	0.81	1.00	1.24	1.56	1.96	2.49	3.17
5*	0.53	0.66	0.80	1.00	1.25	1.58	2.00	2.55
4*	0.42	0.52	0.64	0.80	1.00	1.26	1.60	2.03
3*	0.34	0.42	0.51	0.64	0.80	1.00	1.27	1.62
2*	0.26	0.33	0.40	0.50	0.63	0.79	1.00	1.28
1*	0.21	0.26	0.32	0.39	0.49	0.62	0.78	1.00

4.4 FAULT FINDING

Sensor reads non zero all the time:

- gas could be present, ensure there is no combustible gas in the atmosphere.

Sensor reads non-zero when no gas is present:

- adjust the zero of the control system.

Sensor reads low when gas is applied:

- adjust the span of the control system.

Sensor reads high when gas is applied:

- adjust the span of the control system.

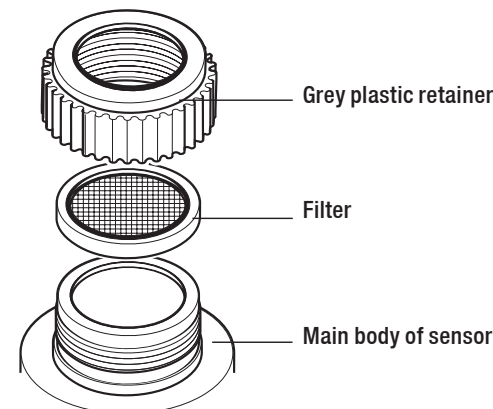
Sensor reads zero when gas is applied:

- check the wiring.
- check that the dust protection cap has been removed.
- check that the sinter is not obstructed.
- replace the sensor if poisoning is suspected.

5. MAINTENANCE

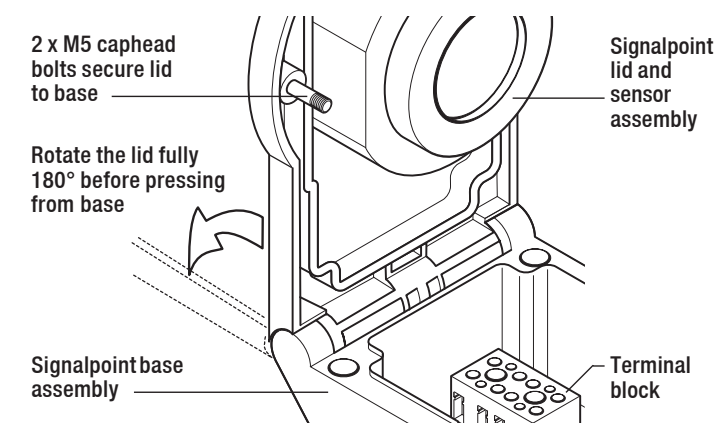
5.1 CHANGING FILTERS

Remove the grey plastic retainer, or accessory if fitted. Remove the old filter and replace it with a fresh filter. Replace the grey plastic retainer.



5.2 CHANGING THE SENSOR

Disconnect the lid assembly from the base by opening the closure to 180°, disconnecting the sensor wires, then pressing down on the hinge, and sliding the lid assembly sideways off the base. Reattach the new lid assembly by pushing the hinge inwards and upwards. Reconnect the sensor wires.



5.3 RESPONSE CHECKING

Use a gas test module to ensure that the sensor is operative. This is not a calibrated dose of gas.