Installation Instructions for the TruStability™ Board Mount Pressure Sensors

RSC Series – High Resolution, High Accuracy, Compensated ± 1.6 mbar to ± 10 bar | ± 160 Pa to ± 1 MPa | ± 0.5 inH₂O to ± 150 psi 24-bit Digital SPI-Compatible Output

32321347 Issue C

General Information

The RSC Series is a piezoresistive silicon pressure sensor offering a digital output for reading pressure over the specified full scale pressure span and temperature range. It is calibrated and temperature compensated for sensor offset, sensitivity, temperature effects, and non-linearity using a 24-bit analog-todigital converter with integrated EEPROM. Pressure data may be acquired at rates between 20 and 2000 samples per second over an SPI interface. It is intended for use with non-corrosive, non-ionic gases, such as air and other dry gases, designed and manufactured according to ISO 9001 standards, and is REACH and RoHS compliant.

Table 1. Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage (V _{supply})	2.7	6.0	Vdc
Voltage on any pin	-0.3	V _{supply} + 0.3	V
Digital interface clock frequency	_	5	MHz
ESD susceptibility (human body model)	_	2	kV
Storage temperature	-40 [-40]	85 [185]	°C [°F]
Soldering time and temperature: lead solder temperature (DIP) peak reflow temperature (SMT)		4 s max. at 250 °C [482 °F] 15 s max. at 250 °C [482 °F]	

¹Absolute maximum ratings are the extreme limits the device will withstand without damage.

Table 2. Environmental Specifications

Characteristic	Parameter
Humidity (gases only)	0% to 95% RH, non-condensing
Vibration	15 g, 10 Hz to 2 Hz
Shock	100 g, 6 ms duration
Life ¹	1 million pressure cycles minimum
Solder reflow	J-STD-020-D.1 Moisture Sensitivity Level 1 (unlimited shelf life when stored at \leq 30 °C/85 % RH)

¹Life may vary depending on specific application in which the sensor is utilized.

Table 3. Wetted Materials¹

Component	Port 1 (Pressure Port)	Port 2 (Reference Port)
Ports and covers	high temperature polyamide	high temperature polyamide
Substrate	alumina ceramic	alumina ceramic
Adhesives	epoxy, silicone	epoxy, silicone
Electronic components	plastic, silicon, glass, solder	silicon, glass, gold

¹Contact Honeywell Customer Service for detailed material information.

Table 4. Sensor Pressure Types

Pressure Type	Description
Absolute	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and a built-in vacuum reference.
Differential	Output is proportional to the difference between the pressures applied to each port (Port 1 – Port 2).
Gage	Output is proportional to the difference between applied pressure and atmospheric (ambient) pressure.

Table 5. Digital Operating Specifications

Characteristic	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply voltage (V _{supply}): ^{1, 2, 3} pressure ranges ≥60 mbar 6 kPa 1 psi: 3.3 Vdc 5.0 Vdc pressure ranges ≤40 mbar 4 kPa 20 inH ₂ O: 3.3 Vdc 5.0 Vdc	3.0 4.75 3.27 4.95	3.3 5.0 3.3 5.0	3.6 5.25 3.33 5.05	Vdc
Supply current: 3.3 Vdc: standby mode active mode 5.0 Vdc: standby mode active mode	_ _ _ _	1.3 1.7 2.1 2.6	_ _ _	mA
Operating temperature range ⁴	-40 [-40]	_	85 [185]	°C [°F]
Compensated temperature range: ⁵ medical industrial extended	0 [32] -20 [-4] -40 [-40]	 	50 [122] 85 [185] 85 [185]	°C [°F]
Startup time (power up to data ready)	_	_	0.3	ms
Data rate	20, 40, 45,	90, 175, 180, 330, 35 1000, 1200, 2000	0, 600, 660,	samples per second
SPI voltage level: low high	- 80		20 —	%Vsupply
Pull up on MISO, SCLK, CS_ADC, CS_EE, MOSI	1	—	_	kOhm
Accuracy ⁶	_	_	0.1	%FSS BFSL ⁶
Orientation sensitivity (±1 g): ^{7.9} pressure ranges \leq 40 mbar 4 kPa 20 inH ₂ O pressure ranges \leq 2.5 mbar 250 Pa 1 inH ₂ O		±0.1 ±0.2		%FSS ⁸

¹Sensors are either 3.3 Vdc or 5.0 Vdc based on the catalog listing selected.

²Ratiometricity of the sensor (the ability of the device output to scale to the supply voltage) is achieved within the specified operating voltage.

³The sensor is not reverse polarity protected. Incorrect application of supply voltage or ground to the wrong pin may cause electrical failure.

⁴Operating temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure.

⁵Compensated temperature range: The temperature range over which the sensor will produce an output proportional to pressure within the specified performance limits (Total Error Band).

⁶Accuracy: The maximum deviation in output from a Best Fit Straight Line (BFSL) fitted to the output measured over the pressure range. Includes all errors due to pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and non-repeatability.

⁷Orientation sensitivity: The maximum change in offset of the sensor due to a change in position or orientation relative to Earth's gravitational field.

⁸Full Scale Span (FSS): The algebraic difference between the output signal measured at the maximum (Pmax.) and minimum (Pmin.) limits of the pressure range. (See Figure 1 for ranges.)

 9 Insignificant for pressure ranges above 40 mbar | 4 kPa | 20 inH $_{2}$ O.

TruStability™ Board Mount Pressure Sensors

RSC Series

	Issue	С
323	2134	7

Table 6. Pressure Range Specifications for ±1.6 mbar to ±10 bar

Pressure Range		Pressure Range		Working	Over	Burst	Common	Total Error	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability	Effective Number of
(see Figure 2)	Pmin.	Pmax.	Unit	Pressure ¹	Pressure ²	Pressure ³	Mode Pressure⁴	Band⁵ (%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25°C (%FSS)	Bits (ENOB) at 20 SPS ⁷
						Absol	ute				
001BA	0	1	bar	_	2	4	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
1.6BA	0	1.6	bar	_	4	8	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
2.5BA	0	2.5	bar	_	6	8	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
004BA	0	4	bar	_	8	16	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
006BA	0	6	bar	_	17	17	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
010BA	0	10	bar	_	17	17	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
						Differe	ntial	•			
1.6MD	-1.6	1.6	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±3	±0.5	±0.5	16
2.5MD	-2.5	2.5	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2	±0.5	±0.35	14
004MD	-4	4	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2	±0.5	±0.35	15
006MD	-6	6	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2	±0.5	±0.35	16
010MD	-10	10	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
016MD	-16	16	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1	±0.25	±0.25	17
025MD	-25	25	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±1	±0.25	±0.25	18
040MD	-40	40	mbar	435	850	1350	10450	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
060MD	-60	60	mbar	_	850	1000	10000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
100MD	-100	100	mbar	_	1400	2500	10000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
160MD	-160	160	mbar	_	1400	2500	10000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
250MD	-250	250	mbar	_	1400	2500	10000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
400MD	-400	400	mbar	_	2000	4000	10000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
600MD	-600	600	mbar	_	2000	4000	10000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
001BD	-1	1	bar	_	4	8	10	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
1.6BD	-1.6	1.6	bar	_	8	16	10	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
2.5BD	-2.5	2.5	bar	_	8	16	10	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
004BD	-4.0	4.0	bar	—	16	17	10	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
006BD	-6	6	bar	_	17	17	17	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
010BD	-10	10	bar	_	17	17	17	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	17
						Gag	e				
2.5MG	0	2.5	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±3	±0.5	±0.5	15
004MG	0	4	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±3	±0.5	±0.5	16
006MG	0	6	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±2	±0.5	±0.35	15
010MG	0	10	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±0.75	±0.25	±0.35	15
016MG	0	16	mbar	335	675	1000	3450	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
025MG	0	25	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±1	±0.25	±0.25	17
040MG	0	40	mbar	375	750	1250	5450	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
060MG	0	60	mbar	_	850	1000	5450	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	14
100MG	0	100	mbar	—	850	1000	10000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
160MG	0	160	mbar	_	850	1000	10000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
250MG	0	250	mbar	-	1400	2500	10000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
400MG	0	400	mbar	_	2000	4000	10000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	14
600MG	0	600	mbar	_	2000	4000	10000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
001BG	0	1	bar	_	2	4	10	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
1.6BG	0	1.6	bar	—	4	8	10	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
2.5BG	0	2.5	bar	_	8	16	10	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
004BG	0	4	bar	_	8	16	16	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
006BG	0	6	bar	_	17	17	17	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
010BG	0	10	bar	_	17	17	17	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16

Working Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range limits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until pressure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles, minimum.

²Overpressure: The maximum pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Expo-sure to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range.

Burst Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure. ⁴Common Mode Pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified perfor-mance.

⁵Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis (see Figure 1).

⁶Total Error Band after Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

⁷Effective Number of Bits (ENOB: A measure of the dynamic performance of an analog-to-digital converter (ADC) and its related circuitry. ENOB is defined for the RSC Series per the following equation: ENOB = log₂ (Full Scale Span/Noise).

Issue C **32321347**

Table 7. Pressure Range Specifications for ±160 Pa to ±1 MPa

Pressure Range	Pres Rai			Working	orking Over	Burst	Common	Total Error	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability	Effective Number of	
(see Figure 2)	Pmin.	Pmax.	Unit	Unit	Pressure ¹	Pressure ²	Pressure ³	Mode Pressure⁴	Band⁵ (%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25°C (%FSS)	Bits (ENOB) at 20 SPS ⁷
						Absol	ute					
100KA	0	100	kPa	_	200	400	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
160KA	0	160	kPa	_	400	800	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
250KA	0	250	kPa	_	600	800	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
400KA	0	400	kPa	_	800	1600	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
600KA	0	600	kPa	_	1700	1700	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15	
001GA	0	1	MPa	_	1700	1700	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
						Differe	ntial					
160LD	-160	160	Pa	33500	67500	100000	345000	±3	±0.5	±0.5	16	
250LD	-250	250	Pa	33500	67500	100000	345000	±2	±0.5	±0.35	14	
400LD	-400	400	Pa	33500	67500	100000	345000	±2	±0.5	±0.35	15	
600LD	-600	600	Pa	33500	67500	100000	345000	±2	±0.5	±0.35	16	
001KD	-1	1	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
1.6KD	-1.6	1.6	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1	±0.25	±0.25	17	
2.5KD	-2.5	2.5	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±1	±0.25	±0.25	18	
004KD	-4	4	kPa	43.5	85	135	1045	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15	
006KD	-6	6	kPa	—	85	100	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15	
010KD	-10	10	kPa	—	140	250	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
016KD	-16	16	kPa		140	250	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	17	
025KD	-25	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
040KD	-40	40	kPa		200	400	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	17	
060KD	-60	60	kPa		200	400	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
100KD	-100	100	kPa		400	800	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
160KD	-160	160	kPa		800	1600	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
250KD	-250	250	kPa		800	1600	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
400KD	-400	400	kPa		1600	1700	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
600KD	-600	600	kPa	_	1700	1700	1700	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
001GD	-1	1	MPa	_	1.7	1.7	1.7	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	17	
	·					Gag	1					
250LG	0	250	Pa	33500	67500	100000	345000	±3	±0.5	±0.5	15	
400LG	0	400	Pa	33500	67500	100000	345000	±3	±0.5	±0.5	16	
600LG	0	600	Pa	33500	67500	100000	345000	±2	±0.5	±0.35	15	
001KG	0	1	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±0.75	±0.25	±0.35	15	
1.6KG	0	1.6	kPa	33.5	67.5	100	345	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
2.5KG	0	2.5	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±1	±0.25	±0.25	17	
004KG	0	4	kPa	37.5	75	125	545	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15	
006KG	0	6	kPa	_	85	100	545	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	14	
010KG	0	10	kPa	_	85	100	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15	
016KG	0	16	kPa	_	85	100	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
025KG	0	25	kPa		140	250	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15	
040KG	0	40	kPa	_	200	400	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	14	
060KG	0	60	kPa kPa	_	200	400	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15	
100KG	0	100	kPa kPa	_	200	400	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
160KG	0	160	kPa kPa	_	400	800	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
250KG	0	250	kPa kPa	_	800	1600	1000	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15	
400KG	0	400	kPa kPa		800	1600	1600	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	
600KG	0	600	kPa MDo		1700	1700	1700	±0.75 ±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15	
001GG	0	1	MPa	_	1.7	1.7	1.7	± 0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16	

Working Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range limits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until pressure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles, minimum.

²Overpressure: The maximum pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Exposure to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range.

³Burst Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure. ⁴Common Mode Pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure concern without acusing abaptace is applied and a simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure without acusing abaptace is applied and a simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure.

⁴Common Mode Pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified performance. ⁵Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to effect, full scale

⁵Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis (see Figure 1).

⁶Total Error Band after Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

⁷Effective Number of Bits (ENOB): A measure of the dynamic performance of an analog-to-digital converter (ADC) and its related circuitry. ENOB is defined for the RSC Series per the following equation: ENOB = log₂ (Full Scale Span/Noise).

RSC Series



Table 8. Pressure Range Specifications for ±0.5 inH₂O to ±150 psi

Pressure Range		Pressure Range		Working	Over	Burst	Common	Total Error	Total Error Band after	Long-term Stability	Effective Number of
(see Figure 2) E	Pmax.	Unit	Pressure ¹	Pressure ²	Pressure ³	Mode Pressure⁴	Band⁵ (%FSS)	Auto-Zero ⁶ (%FSS)	1000 hr, 25°C (%FSS)	Bits (ENOB at 20 SPS ⁷	
						Absolu	te	-			
015PA	0	15	psi	_	30	60	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
030PA	0	30	psi	_	60	120	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
060PA	0	60	psi	_	120	240	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
100PA	0	100	psi	_	250	250	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
150PA	0	150	psi	_	250	250	_	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
						Differen	tial				
0.5ND	-0.5	0.5	inH₂O	135	270	415	1400	±3	±0.5	±0.5	16
001ND	-1	1	inH ₂ O	135	270	415	1400	±2	±0.5	±0.35	15
002ND	-2	2	inH ₂ O	135	270	415	1400	±2	±0.5	±0.35	16
004ND	-4	4	inH ₂ O	150	300	500	2200	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	17
005ND	-5	5	inH ₂ O	150	300	500	2200	±1	±0.5	±0.25	19
010ND	-10	10	inH ₂ O	175	350	550	4200	±1	±0.25	±0.25	19
020ND	-20	20	inH ₂ O	175	350	550	4200	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
030ND	-30	30	inH ₂ O	175	350	550	4200	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
001PD	-1	1	psi	_	10	15	150	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
005PD	-5	5	psi	_	30	40	150	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	17
015PD	-15	15	psi	_	60	120	150	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	17
030PD	-30	30	psi	_	120	240	150	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	17
060PD	-60	60	psi	_	250	250	250	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	17
100PD	-100	100	psi	_	250	250	250	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	17
150PD	-150	150	psi	_	250	250	250	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	17
						Gage	·		1		
001NG	0	1	inH₂O	135	270	415	1400	±3	±0.5	±0.5	16
002NG	0	2	inH ₂ O	135	270	415	1400	±2	±0.5	±0.35	15
004NG	0	4	inH ₂ O	135	270	415	1400	±0.75	±0.25	±0.35	16
005NG	0	5	inH ₂ O	135	270	415	1400	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
010NG	0	10	inH ₂ O	150	300	500	2200	±1	±0.25	±0.25	18
020NG	0	20	inH ₂ O	175	350	550	4200	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
030NG	0	30	inH ₂ O	175	350	550	4200	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	15
001PG	0	1	psi	_	10	15	150	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	14
005PG	0	5	psi	_	30	40	150	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
015PG	0	15	psi	_	30	60	150	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
030PG	0	30	psi	_	60	120	150	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
060PG	0	60	psi	_	120	240	250	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
100PG	0	100	psi	_	250	250	250	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
150PG	0	150	psi		250	250	250	±0.75	±0.25	±0.25	16
								1 ± 0.75			

Working Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the sensor in continuous use. This pressure may be outside the operating pressure range limits (Pmin. to Pmax.) in which case the sensor may not provide a valid output until pressure is returned to within the operating pressure range. Tested to 1 million cycles, minimum.

²Overpressure: The maximum pressure which may safely be applied to the product for it to remain in specification once pressure is returned to the operating pressure range. Expo-sure to higher pressures may cause permanent damage to the product. Unless otherwise specified this applies to all available pressure ports at any temperature with the operating temperature range.

³Burst Pressure: The maximum pressure that may be applied to any port of the product without causing escape of pressure media. Product should not be expected to function after exposure to any pressure beyond the burst pressure.

⁴Common Mode Pressure: The maximum pressure that can be applied simultaneously to both ports of a differential pressure sensor without causing changes in specified perfor-mance.

⁵Total Error Band: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated temperature and pressure range. Includes all errors due to offset, full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, repeatability, thermal effect on offset, thermal effect on span, and thermal hysteresis (see Figure 1).

⁶Total Error Band after Auto-Zero: The maximum deviation from the ideal transfer function over the entire compensated pressure range for a minimum of 24 hours after an auto-zero operation. Includes all errors due to full scale span, pressure non-linearity, pressure hysteresis, and thermal effect on span.

⁷Effective Number of Bits (ENOB): A measure of the dynamic performance of an analog-to-digital converter (ADC) and its related circuitry. ENOB is defined for the RSC Series per the following equation: ENOB = log₂ (Full Scale Spar/Noise).

Issue C 32321347

Figure 3. DIP Package Dimensional Drawings (For reference only: mm [in].)





TruStability™ Board Mount Pressure Sensors

RSC Series

Issue C 32321347

Figure 3. DIP Package Dimensional Drawings (continued)



Issue C **32321347**

Figure 3. DIP Package Dimensional Drawings (continued)



Figure 4. SMT Package Dimensional Drawings (For reference only: mm [in].)



Issue C 32321347

Figure 4. SMT Package Dimensional Drawings (continued)



Issue C **32321347**

Figure 4. SMT Package Dimensional Drawings (continued)



Figure 5. Recommended PCB Pad Layouts



RSC Series

Issue C **32321347**

Table 9. Pinout

Pin	Name	Description
1	SCLK	External Clock Source
2	DRDY	Data Ready: Active Low
3	DIN	Serial Data Input
4	CS_ADC	ADC Chip Select: Active Low
5	GND	Ground
6	VCC	Positive Supply Voltage
7	CS_EE	EEPROM Chip Select: Active Low
8	DOUT	Serial Data Output

Figure 6. Recommended Circuit



WARNING PERSONAL INJURY

DO NOT USE these products as safety or emergency stop devices or in any other application where failure of the product could result in personal injury.

Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury.

Warranty/Remedy

Honeywell warrants goods of its manufacture as being free of defective materials and faulty workmanship during the applicable warranty period. Honeywell's standard product warranty applies unless agreed to otherwise by Honeywell in writing; please refer to your order acknowledgement or consult your local sales office for specific warranty details. If warranted goods are returned to Honeywell during the period of coverage, Honeywell will repair or replace, at its option, without charge those items that Honeywell, in its sole discretion, finds defective. **The foregoing is buyer's sole remedy and is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, including those of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. In no event shall Honeywell be liable for consequential, special, or indirect damages.**

While Honeywell may provide application assistance personally, through our literature and the Honeywell web site, it is buyer's sole responsibility to determine the suitability of the product in the application.

Specifications may change without notice. The information we supply is believed to be accurate and reliable as of this writing. However, Honeywell assumes no responsibility for its use.

Honeywell Sensing and Internet of Things services its customers through a worldwide network of sales offices and distributors. For application assistance, current specifications, pricing or the nearest Authorized Distributor, visit sensing.honeywell.com or call:

USA/Canada	+1 302 613 4491
Latin America	+1 305 805 8188
Europe	+44 1344 238258
Japan	+81 (0) 3-6730-7152
Singapore	+65 6355 2828
Greater China	+86 4006396841

Honeywell Sensing and Internet of Things 830 East Arapaho Road Richardson, TX 75081 sensing.honeywell.com

32321347-C-EN | C | 06/20 © 2020 Honeywell International Inc. All rights reserved.

